

## AURORA ACADEMIES TRUST

<b>Policy Title:</b>	Exclusion of Pupils Policy
<b>Policy Reference:</b>	AAT EOP – July 2018
<b>Function:</b>	For Information and Guidance/ <b><u>Statutory</u></b>
<b>Audience:</b>	Regional Directors, Executive Headteachers, Headteachers, Heads of School, Teachers, Support Staff, as necessary
<b>Ownership/ Implementation:</b>	The Trustees/LAB Governing Body (as required) have overall responsibility for ensuring that this policy is implemented
<b>Version:</b>	002
<b>Approved by Trust Board:</b>	December 2018
<b>Next Date for Review:</b>	December 2019



## Exclusion of Pupils Policy

Aurora Academies Trust has the highest concern for the safety and wellbeing of the whole school community, and we work hard to ensure that our ethos and environment supports student learning and success. Exclusion is a sanction used only as a last resort, and we aim to reduce the need for the use of it as far as is possible. This policy outlines the school's use of exclusions and is supported by our **trust behaviour policy**.

### 1. Power to exclude

The headteacher/head of school is the only member of staff within the school who can exclude a pupil, either permanently or for a fixed-term. In the absence of the headteacher/head of school, the deputy head or acting headteacher can make this decision. The LAB can review the headteacher's/head of school's decision and consider appeals from parents of excluded pupils. They may direct the reinstatement of an excluded pupil, or uphold an exclusion after a review, but they cannot exclude a pupil themselves. For more information on the LAB's role in exclusions, see section 5.

### 2. Reasons for exclusion

There are two main reasons for exclusion: a serious breach of the Trust's behaviour policy, or a situation where it is feared that the safety and wellbeing, or education, of other students is at risk.

In line with the Trust's behaviour policy, the following actions constitute unacceptable behaviour and may result in permanent or fixed-term exclusions:

- verbal abuse to staff and others
- verbal abuse to pupils
- physical abuse to/attack on staff
- physical abuse to/attack on pupils
- indecent behaviour
- damage to property
- misuse of illegal drugs
- misuse of other substances
- theft
- serious actual or threatened violence against another pupil or a member of staff
- sexual abuse or assault
- supplying an illegal drug
- carrying an offensive weapon
- arson
- unacceptable behaviour which has previously been reported, and for which school sanctions and other interventions have not been successful in modifying the pupil's behaviour.



### 3. Types of exclusion

#### 3.2 Permanent exclusion

Permanent exclusion is an extremely serious sanction, and a step taken by the school only as an absolute last resort. In most cases, permanent exclusion will be used only after various alternative strategies have been tried to improve behaviour but have been unsuccessful. There are, however, some situations in which permanent exclusion on the first offence is the only option. These include:

- serious, actual or threatened violence against another pupil or a member of staff
- sexual abuse or assault
- supplying an illegal drug
- carrying an offensive weapon
- arson.

It may be necessary for the school to involve the police if the offence warrants it. All permanent exclusions will be reviewed by the LAB to ensure that they are justified and fair. The headteacher/head of school can withdraw an exclusion that has not yet been reviewed by the LAB.

#### 3.3 Fixed-term exclusion

The length of a fixed-term exclusion will be set out by the school at the start of the exclusion period. If a pupil is excluded for more than 45 days in one school year, they will be permanently excluded.

A fixed-term exclusion may result from a serious breach of the Trust's behaviour policy. It may be a first offence or persistent disruptive behaviour that requires a tougher sanction than detention, but does not warrant permanent exclusion.

A fixed-term exclusion can be changed into a permanent exclusion by the headteacher/head of school if the circumstances warrant it following the fixed-term exclusion coming to an end. DfE 2017 Exclusions Guidance; 'The law does not allow for extending a fixed-period exclusion or 'converting' a fixed-period exclusion into a permanent exclusion. In exceptional cases, usually where further evidence has come to light, a further fixed-period exclusion may be issued to begin immediately after the first period ends; or a permanent exclusion may be issued to begin immediately after the end of the fixed period.' In this case, parents or carers will be notified in writing with an explanation of why the change has occurred. During fixed-term exclusions and permanent exclusions, daytime supervision of the child is the responsibility of their parent or guardian.

All fixed-term exclusions will result in a reintegration meeting being held. The purpose of the meeting is to establish the expected behaviours on the return to school, an explanation of the steps taken by the school to avoid a repeat exclusion and to establish if there is any additional information that will be helpful for the school to understand in order to avoid repeat exclusions. Failure of parents or carers to attend a reintegration meeting may result in a fixed-period exclusion being extended until parents/carers attend.

An excluded pupil has no automatic right to take a public examination or National Curriculum tests on the school's premises. The LAB can decide whether or not to allow the pupil to sit the tests, and this will depend on the seriousness of the reason for exclusion.



### **3.4 Lunchtime exclusion**

This is a type of fixed-term exclusion and will not be used as a long-term solution to a behaviour problem. A lunchtime exclusion counts as half a day when calculating total number of days of exclusion.

The school may decide to exclude a pupil from the school premises during the break at lunchtime if their behaviour during this time is very disruptive or dangerous to other pupils. Arrangements will be made for parents or carers to collect the excluded pupil and supervise them if their age or vulnerability warrants it. The school will not invoke a lunchtime exclusion for any period longer than a week. If the problem persists, alternative strategies will be looked at to deal with managing the pupil's behaviour.

Pupils who are entitled to free school meals will still be given this provision over their period of lunchtime exclusion.

## **4. Making the decision to exclude**

Exclusion of any sort, for any period of time, is taken very seriously by the school, and the decision to exclude is not taken lightly. Various alternative strategies to manage behaviour will be tried before exclusion, as this sanction is only used as a last resort unless there is an immediate threat to safety within the school.

If it is decided that exclusion is necessary, the parents or carers of the pupil will be notified, and the circumstances surrounding the exclusion will be formally recorded.

## **4.2 Alternative behaviour management strategies**

### **Internal exclusion**

If a pupil needs to be removed from a lesson that is in progress, or a social situation, for disruptive behaviour or to calm down, it may be necessary to place that pupil elsewhere in the school. This may occur over break times and will be used in circumstances where it is not necessary to remove the pupil from the school site, but separation is needed. They will be placed in another class or somewhere where appropriate support and supervision can be provided.

### **Mediation**

If there is a conflict between two or more pupils, a member of staff will sit down with those involved and attempt to mediate the situation through discussion. This strategy may also be used if there is a conflict between a teacher and a pupil.

### **Restorative justice**

This strategy is dependent on the cooperation of all parties involved in an incident or situation, and will usually be used where one person has done something to upset or harm another. It can be helpful for the offender to redress the harm that they have done and



hopefully learn from their mistakes. It can also provide closure for those who have been harmed.

### **Managed move**

It may be in the best interest of a pupil to have a chance of a fresh start by moving to another school. This will only occur in consent with parents, the Local Authority (LA), the headteacher/head of school, and the Local Academy Board (LAB). The new school will be asked by the headteacher/head of school to accept the pupil.

Parents will not be put under any pressure to agree to a managed move, especially in fear of a permanent exclusion, and the school will do everything it can to ensure that the transition is as smooth as possible.

### **4.3 Looked-after children and young people**

Aurora Academies Trust understands that looked-after children and young people may be more susceptible to having behavioural problems due to additional problems they may face at home. We work in conjunction with all relevant childcare authorities to support looked-after children and try every possible means of keeping them in school. Before any decision to exclude is made, the school will:

- consult the LA about alternative options to support a looked-after pupil
- consult the LA about what alternative provision will be available if the pupil is excluded
- involve the child's social worker as early as possible to help the school avoid exclusion
- work with the foster carer to improve the pupil's behaviour.

### **4.4 Pupils with special educational needs or a disability (SEND)**

#### **Pupils with SEN**

Our Trust's full SEN provision is outlined in our **special educational needs policy**. We work hard to accommodate students who have behavioural difficulties or difficulties with elements of social interaction as part of their SEN. The school will try every practical alternative to exclusion, but there may be some cases where it cannot be avoided.

If a permanent exclusion is made, the headteacher/head of school will use the time between the initial decision and the LAB's review to see whether a change of circumstances might enable the school to withdraw the exclusion. It may be the case that more support is needed for the pupil, or that it is in the child's best interest that their statement be changed to name a different school, in which case the school will work with the LA and the child's parents or carers to make the transition as smooth as possible.

#### **Pupils with a disability**

If a pupil with a disability is under consideration for exclusion, the headteacher will ensure that all other possible outcomes have been tried. To justify excluding a pupil with a disability for a reason related to their disability, there must be material and substantial reason. The erosion of order and discipline in the school may be material and substantial justification, but only if reasonable adjustments have been made for the pupil's disability. You can find more information on reasonable adjustments in our **school accessibility plan**.



#### **4.5 Ethnicity**

Aurora Academies Trust does not discriminate against any person and our school ethos is one of inclusion, equality, and diversity. If any person feels that they have been discriminated against due to their ethnicity they may make a formal complaint to the school following the process outlined in our **trust complaints procedure**.

#### **4.6 Investigating the circumstances**

Disruptive behaviour or actions that may warrant discipline will always be investigated before the decision to exclude is made, unless there is a threat to the safety of pupils or others at the school.

Before the decision to exclude is made, the headteacher/head of school will:

- ensure that the school has made a thorough investigation
- consider all the evidence available when looking to support the allegations
- encourage the pupil to give his or her version of events
- take into account the school's behaviour policy and equal opportunities policy, and relevant equalities legislation
- find out whether the behaviour may have been provoked, for example in the case of racial or sexual harassment, or bullying
- consult other people as necessary (but not anyone on the LAB or management committee who may later have a role in reviewing the decision)
- keep a written record of discussions, interviews and actions, and retain copies of written records made by other members of staff, ensuring that witness statements are dated and signed if possible.

#### **4.7 Confidentiality**

The school will deal with all cases of exclusion and the surrounding circumstances confidentially. Information will be shared only with those who need to know it, and a breach of this may result in disciplinary action.

#### **4.8 Recording and notifying the decision to exclude**

All exclusions will be formally recorded and the headteacher/head of school will contact the parents or carers of the pupil immediately once the decision has been made to exclude, specifying why this action has been taken and the length of time that it will last. If the pupil is over 18, they will be notified directly. The decision will be confirmed in writing. The headteacher/head of school will notify the LAB and LA within one day of the decision to exclude being made.

### **5. Reviewing an exclusion**

The LAB will review fixed-term exclusions of any length on request by parents who feel that the sanction is unjustified. They will automatically review all cases of permanent exclusion, as well as any fixed-term exclusions that would lead to a pupil being excluded for more than 15 days of a school term or missing a public exam. The review panel will look at the evidence and the records leading up to the exclusion and decide whether the headteacher/head of school has made a fair decision and if exclusion is the appropriate sanction.



The members of the LAB who are on the review panel will have the appropriate training to fulfil the role, and notes will be taken of any review proceedings.

Parents who want to appeal an exclusion can contact the LAB in writing to the Chair of the LAB via the Clerk to Governors or the School Office. Parents will be invited to a review meeting and are entitled to bring a friend or legal representative with them. Parents will be asked to provide the LAB with any written statements or evidence that they might have relating to the exclusion prior to the review meeting so that these can be circulated amongst the review panel. There will be an opportunity during the review meeting for parents to ask questions of the other parties.

The pupil concerned is encouraged to attend if they are able to fully understand the proceedings. Aurora Academies Trust believes that pupils should be encouraged to take part in the review process and feel that they are listened to. This will hopefully increase the chance of a positive behaviour pattern emerging in the future.

## **5.2 Notification of the review decision**

Parents will be notified of the outcome of the review meeting in writing. This letter will also outline how parents can request a review by the independent panel at the LA's expense if they are unhappy with the outcome of the LAB's review. The outcome will be one of the following:

- **Unlawful exclusion**

If the review panel has found that the exclusion has been made unlawfully, it will not stand. The LAB will not investigate further. Parents who have a complaint about an unlawful exclusion should follow the procedures set out in the **trust's complaints policy** to report it.

- **Upholding the exclusion**

If the review panel finds that the exclusion is fair and just, they will uphold the decision to exclude. In this case, a letter will be sent to the parent or carer of the child outlining:

- the decision
- the reason for the decision
- the parent's right to appeal to an independent appeal panel
- the name and contact details of the person to whom to send a notice of appeal
- the date by which a notice of appeal should be given
- that the notice of appeal must set out the grounds for appeal
- that the notice of appeal should set out any grounds for alleging disability discrimination if this is the case.

- **Reinstating the pupil**

If the review panel decides that it is appropriate to reinstate the pupil immediately or by a given date, support will be given to ensure that the pupil is easily reintegrated into the school. This will include a reintegration interview with the headteacher/head of school and parent or carer on school grounds, during which a pastoral support plan will be drawn up.



A copy of the letter detailing the outcome will be put in the student's academic records along with any relevant papers. The LAB may also decide to arrange for an educational provision offsite to improve the child's behaviour, such as an anger management course.

## **6. During an exclusion**

Although the school has made the decision to exclude a pupil, we maintain responsibility for the education of that child and will do everything that we can to minimise the disruption to their education.

For the first five days of any type of exclusion, the school will set and mark work that the child should complete at home under parental supervision.

From the sixth day onwards, if the exclusion is fixed-term, the school will arrange for alternative full-time educational provision. If the exclusion is permanent, the LA will arrange for this provision having assessed the child's needs. Alternative provision might be arranged at:

- another school in the area
- a shared joint facility
- a pupil referral unit
- a private provider
- a local FE college.

If the child has a statement of special educational needs, the alternative provision will meet those needs.

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